

Fiscal Year 2022

Agenda



FY22 Budget Overview





Long-Term Fiscal Sustainability

General & Health Enterprise Funds





FY2022 Budget Calendar



Questions

FY22 Budget Overview



\$8.04 B

Total Budget Recommendation

Including Capital and Grant Funds

\$121.4 M

Preliminary Gap

Smallest gap since 2019

\$6.54 B

Operating Budget

81% goes to Public

Health and Public Safety

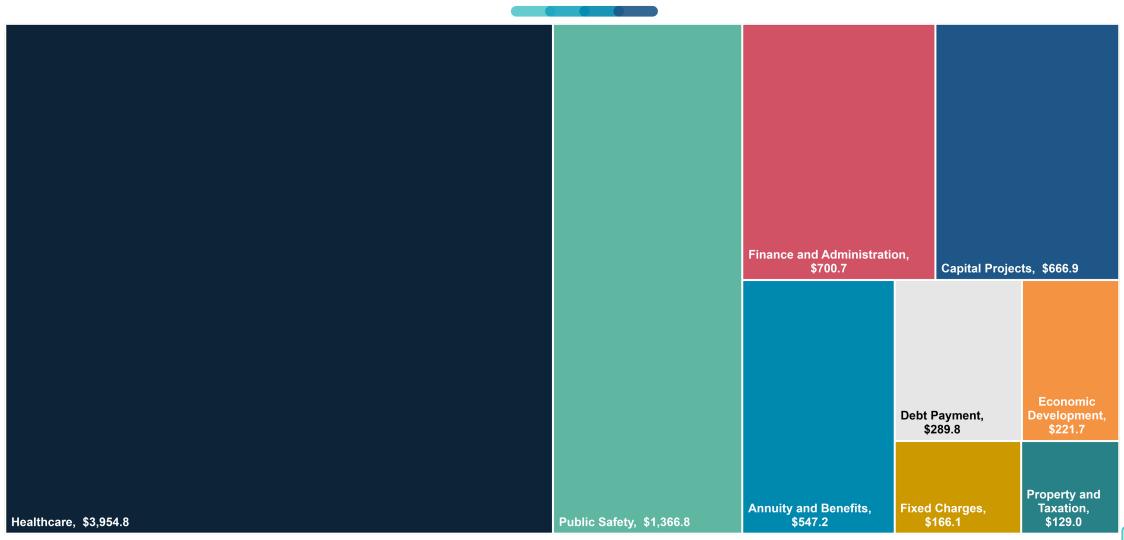
23,467

County FTEs

7% increase over 2021

FY2022 Total Budget Recommendation: \$8.04 Billion

Healthcare and Public Safety make up 81% of proposed Operating Budget

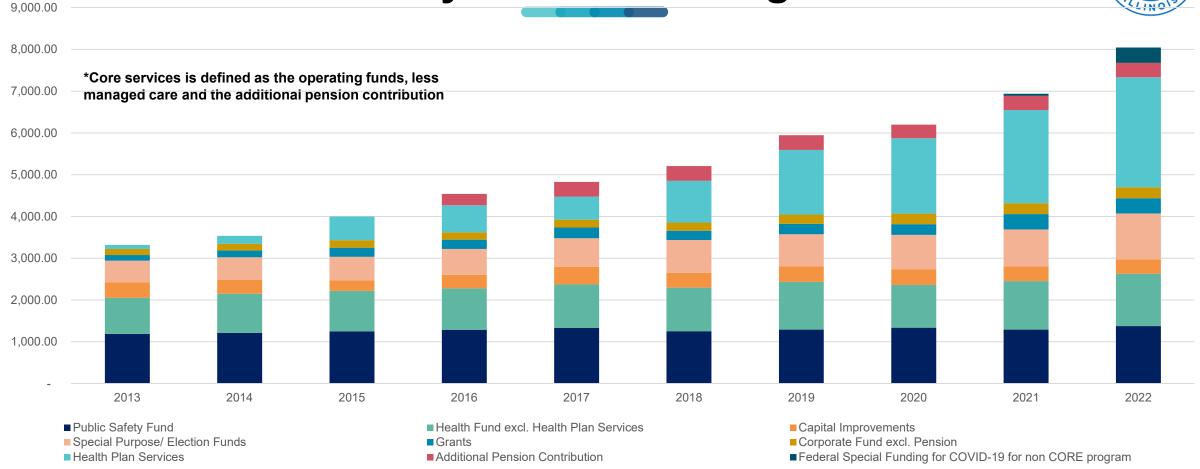






Cook County Historical Budget Growth





- Annual appropriations have grown by \$4.7 billion since 2012 or 9.16% compound annual growth.
- CountyCare has grown from \$96.2M in 2013 to \$2.6 billion in 2022.
- Additional pension contributions running at approximately \$346M annually since 2017.
- Core services realized a compound annual growth rate of 2.4% since 2011.

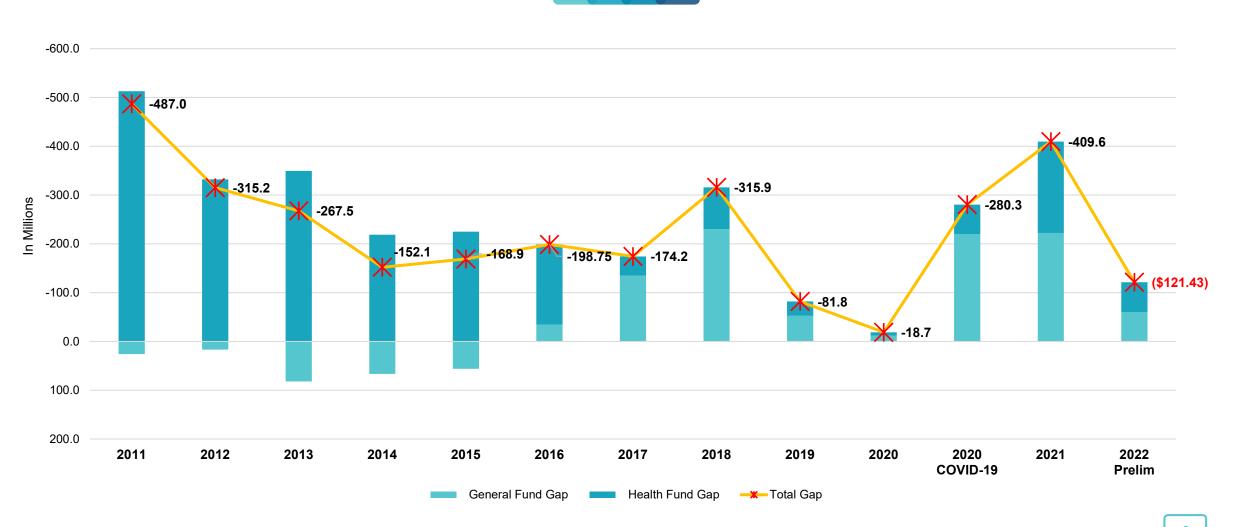




Cook County Historical Gaps



Structural solutions have reduced deficits by 96% since 2011

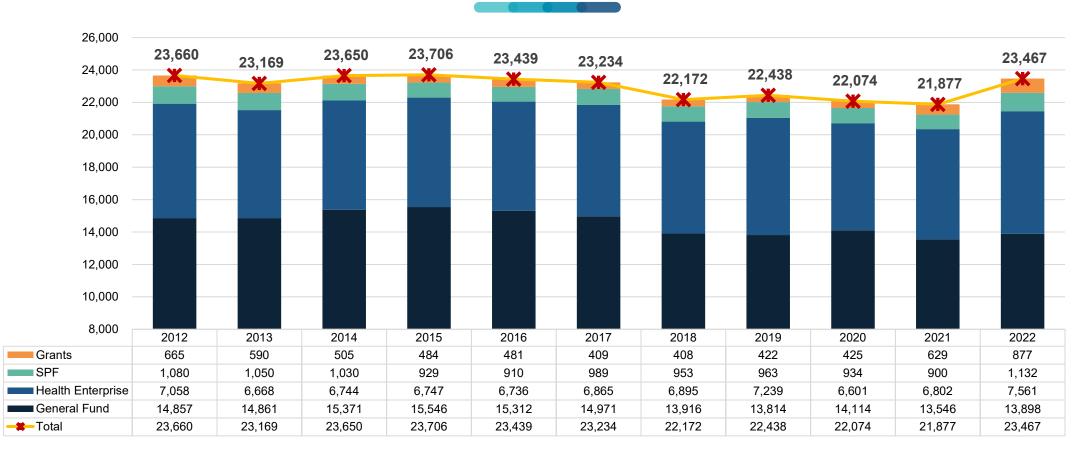




Cook County FTEs



7% increase from 2021 – Focus on Rebuilding County's Workforce to Meet Growing Demands



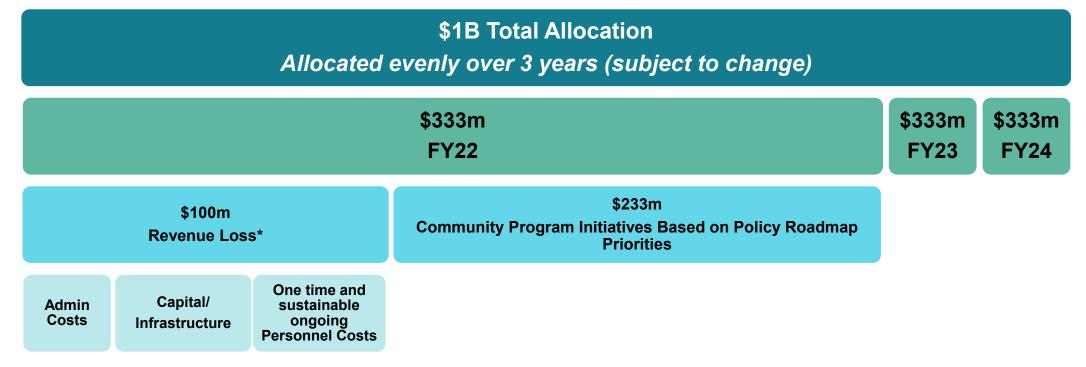
- FY2022 Budget Recommendation includes a 1,590 FTE (7%) increase over FY2021
- 11% increase in FTE within the Health Fund, as new service lines are added, and CCH seeks to return to pre-pandemic surgical capacity
- 39% increase in grant funded FTEs due largely to new public health COVID-19 mitigation grants (e.g., health equity and contact tracing)
- ARPA revenue loss supports 226 FTEs, mostly in admin service areas and court operations
 - 56 FTEs for BOT developers; 25 FTEs for Clerk of the Circuit Court; 23 FTEs for Chief Judge ZOOM room clerks





Roadmap to Recovery: Cook County's ARPA Plan



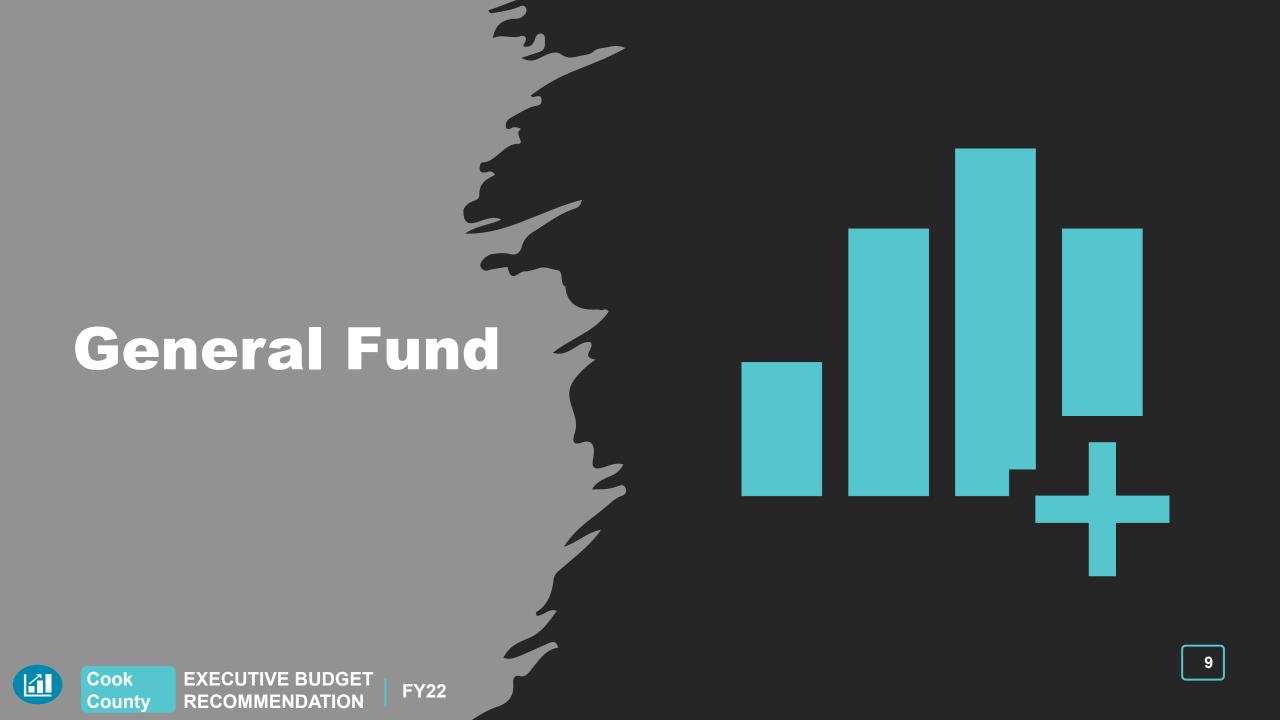


*Revenue Loss – To be used to support county operations through the pandemic

- Ensure sustainability for any costs that are funded through ARPA funding with ongoing revenues in out years
- One-time personnel and non personnel costs (e.g., pandemic pay and administration cost for ARPA management)
- Building County capacity to meet increased demands and to support ARPA initiatives
- Capital improvement projects that would have required debt funding instead

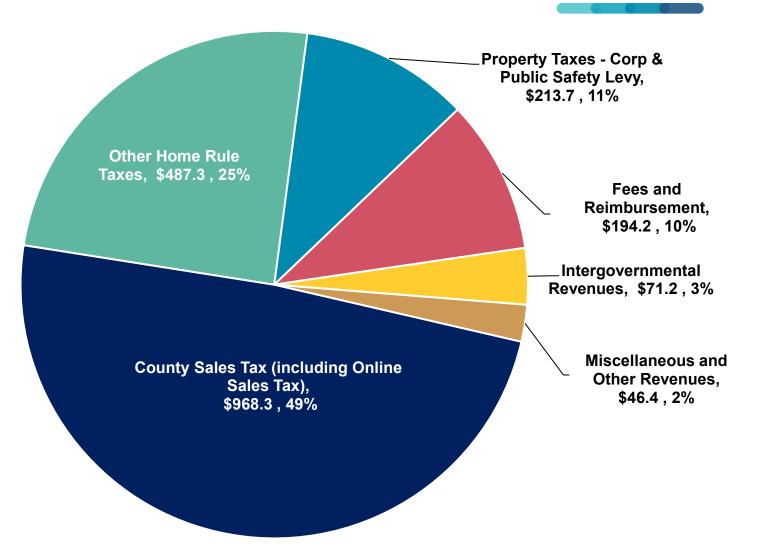






General Fund: Revenue - \$1.98B





Variance	\$84.8
FY2022 Budget	\$1,981.1
FY2021 Budget	\$1,896.3

Increase driven by:

- Year-over-year improvement in nonproperty taxes revenue (sales tax and tourism-based taxes post-COVID)
- Continued improvement in fee revenue due to strong housing market and the reopening of the County court system.

General Fund: Expenditures - \$1.98B

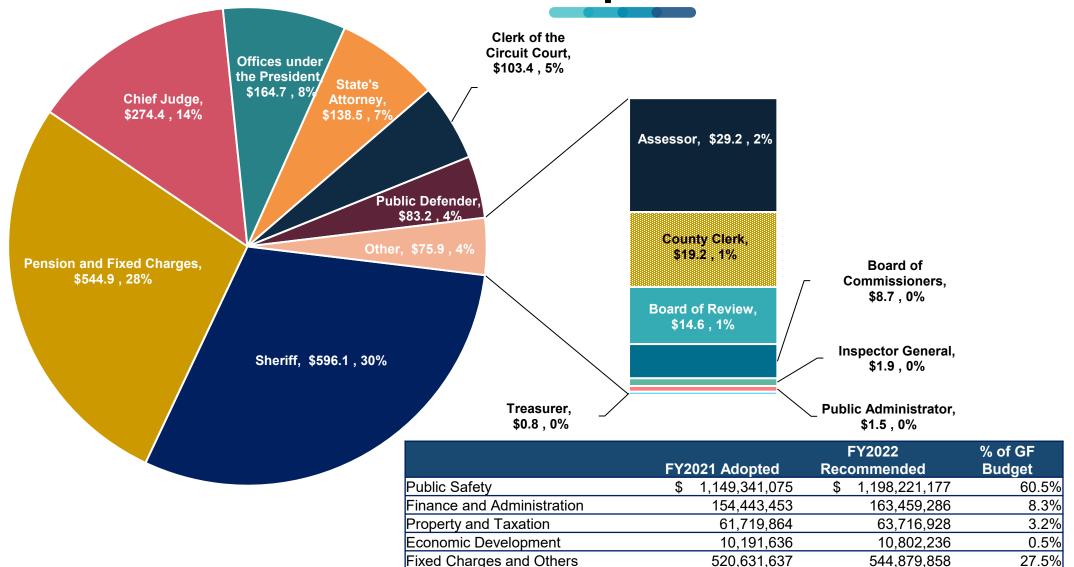
1,896,327,665

\$ 1,981,079,485

100.0%

Total









General Fund: Key Priorities





Public Safety

- Continued support for Sheriff's Community Resource Center and Treatment Response Team
- Expansion of SAO's and PD's legal and support staff to address caseloads
- Investments in CCC and OCJ to improve access to virtual court hearings
- \$33M equity fund investment for initiatives to promote safe and thriving communities.



Infrastructure

- Expansion of critical tech infrastructure to promote access to government services and project efficiencies (i.e., integrated property tax, citation management and disaster recovery platforms)
- Continued investment in the "Invest in Cook" and "Fair Transit South Cook" initiatives
- Digital broadband infrastructure
- Demolition of underutilized facility space



Administration

- Expansion of staff to support ARPA initiatives and core County services
- Increased investment in environmental planning through continued brownfield remediation and new resource planning units



Econ. Development

- \$20M equity fund investment for initiatives to promote vital communities
- Expansion of critical housing and business support programs
- Investments in workforce development and training initiatives



Health Enterprise Fund



Health Enterprise Fund: Revenue - \$3.89B



Health Plan Services membership driving increase; Positive variances in patient fees show structural improvements

In millions	FY2021 Budget	FY2021 Year End Estimated	FY2022 Proposed Budget	Variance (FY21 Budget v. FY2022)
Health Plan Services	\$2,220.4	\$2,576.6	\$2,633.7	\$413.3
CCH Provider Patient Fees*	\$720.8	\$731.5	\$746.3	\$25.5
BIPA/DSH	\$308.4	\$308.4	\$322.1	\$13.7
IBNR (Claims Reserve)	-	-	\$30.0	\$30.0
Tax Allocation	\$122.7	\$122.7	\$137.7	\$15.0
Other	\$15.0	\$15.0	\$18.7	\$3.7
Total	\$3,387.3	\$3,754.2	3,888.5	\$501.2

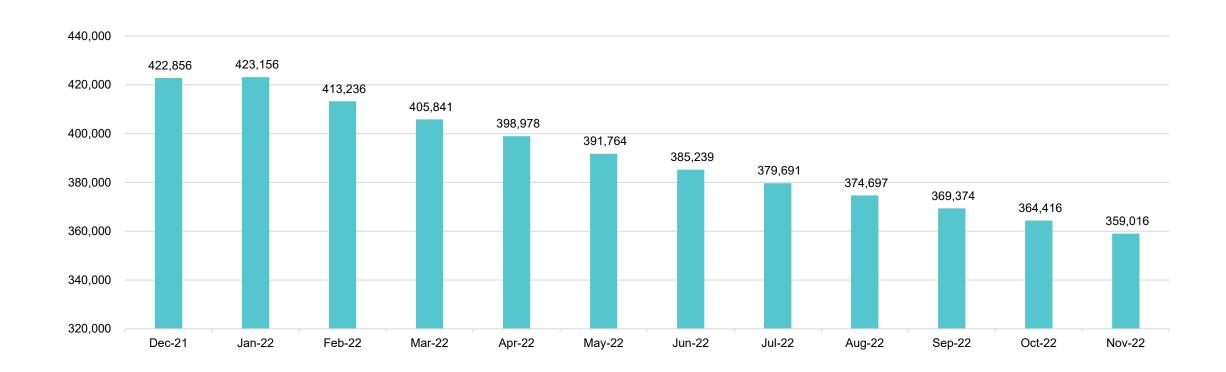
^{*}Variance relates to expansion of Medicaid eligibility, domestic spend increase, FY21 trend, directed payments trend



FY2022 Membership Projection: County Care



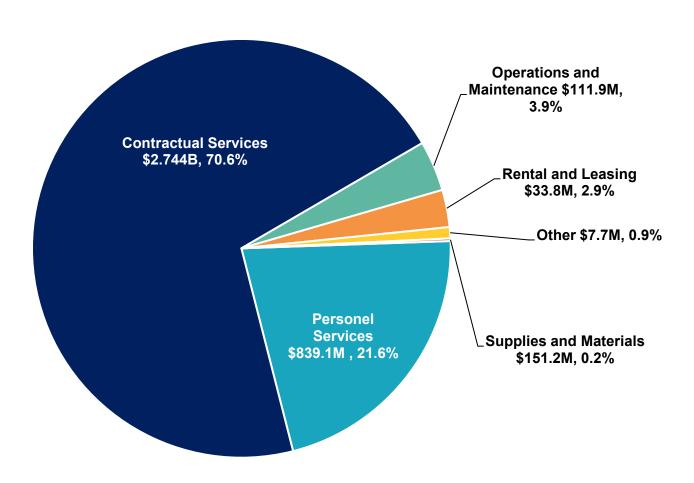
Assumes fewer individuals eligible following the expected resumption of redetermination and economic improvement



FY22

Health Enterprise Fund: Expenditures - \$3.89B





Variance	\$501.1
FY2022 Budget	\$3,888.5
FY2021 Budget	\$3,387.3

Key Variance Drivers:

•	Health Plan membership (claims)	\$405M
•	Stroger/Provident Services Investment	\$31M
•	Personnel adjustments (e.g. COLAs, steps)	\$20M
•	Nursing positions	\$18M





Health Enterprise Fund: Key Priorities





- Expand subspecialty service lines to increase access to advanced services/surgery
- Invest in social work infrastructure to achieve better care management
- Restore ambulance runs, ICU services, and expand inpatient capacity at Provident Hospital
- Integrate primary and specialty care services to achieve a seamless care experience
- Open new health center at Belmont Cragin



Finance

- Expense mitigation through contract savings and reduction in agency costs
- Invest in revenue cycle
- Improve financial counseling services to help eligible patients secure benefits and coverage
- Establish Health Plan Services claims reserve



Public Health

- Expand public health initiatives
- Continue Covid-19 response
- Leverage grant support
- Population health integration
- Launch public health campaigns to educate, encourage and support residents in accessing preventive health services



Health Plan Services

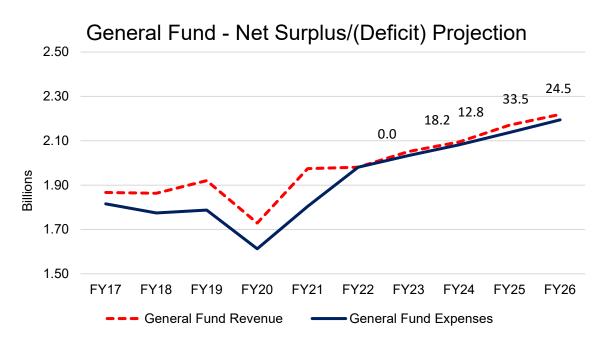
- Maximize membership
- Expand care management, patient engagement and other patient services
- Improve utilization of Cook County Health facilities
- Expand value-based contracting

Long-Term Fiscal Sustainability

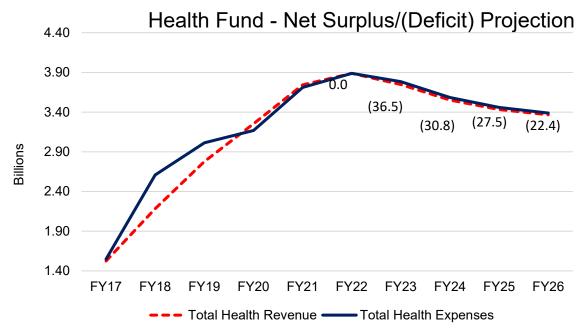


Long-Term Fiscal Planning





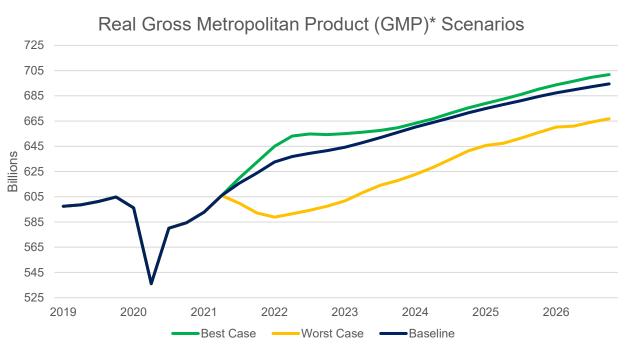
- Revenues are anticipated to keep pace with expenses largely due to expected growth in online sales tax
- Several other revenue sources like gas and Diesel, and Cigarette tax still fail to keep up with the growth rate of expenses
- Without online sales tax, projected expenses would exceed revenues by \$261 million by FY26

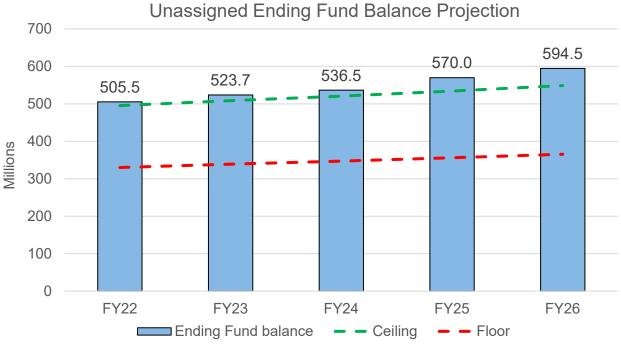


- Revenues are expected to be just short of expenses in the outyear projections
- Property tax allocations to the Health fund are expected to increase by \$10 million annually, and exceed the General fund allocation by FY26
- Declines in revenues and expenses in FY23 can be attributed to the reinstatement of redeterminations at Health Plan Services and return to pre-covid auto assignment levels

General Fund Alternative Scenarios







In FY 20022:

- Base Case (used for Budget) GMP will grow at 4.6%
- Best Case GMP will grow at 6.4%
- Worst Case
 GMP will grow at -0.8%
- 10% chance that projections may exceed the best case or may be below worst case

- Floor represents 2 months of projected general fund annual expenses and Ceiling represents 3 months of projected general fund annual expenses
- Best Case ending fund balance is \$43.9 million greater than the base case in FY 22, and \$217.1 million greater in FY26
- Worst Case ending funding balance is \$141.4 million but still above the floor in FY 22, and fully depleted by FY26



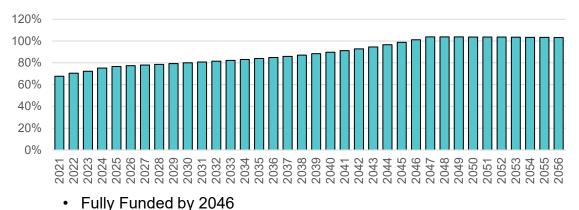
Addressing Pension Fund Liabilities



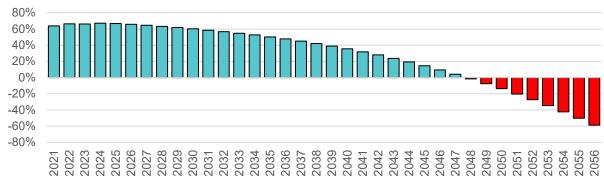
Pension Fund's funded ratio increased to 63.9% in just 5 years; without supplemental funding the ratio would be 53.3% at most

- ■The County has an annual Intergovernmental Agreement ("IGA") with the Pension Fund, which includes supplemental payments in addition to the statutorily required maximum contribution
- ■These payments will total, by the end of FY21, over \$1.95 Billion, allowing the Pension Fund to keep its assets invested and take advantage of good market performance

Projected Funded Ratio with Supplemental Funding



Projected Funded Ratio without Supplemental Funding



Insolvent by 2047

The FY22 budget recommends a supplemental pension amount of \$325 million and up to an additional \$20 million in the pension stabilization reserve



FY2022 Budget Calendar



Preliminary Forecast Released



President's
Executive
Recommendation
Released



Budget
Amendments &
Vote on
Appropriation Bill



Public Townhall & Mid-Year Budget Hearings



Early October

Public Townhalls & Department Budget Hearings



22







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Appendix: Acronyms



- ARPA American Rescue Plan Act
- BIPA Benefits Improvement and Protection Act

FY22

- CCC Clerk of the Circuit Court
- DSH Disproportionate Share Hospital
- FTE Full Time Equivalent
- GMP Gross Metropolitan Product

- IBNR Incurred But Not Received
- PD Public Defender
- SAO State's Attorney's Office
- SPF Special Purpose Fund
- OCJ Office of the Chief Judge